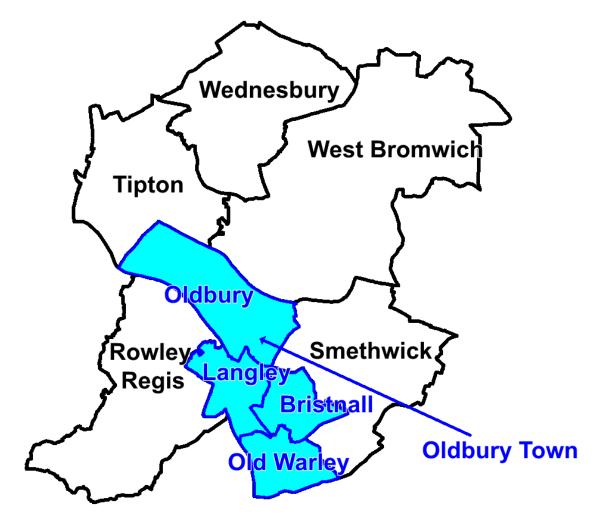




# **Oldbury Town Profile**

Oldbury is one of six towns in Sandwell. It is situated in the south of Sandwell and contains the wards of Bristnall, Oldbury, Langley and Old Warley. Oldbury borders Birmingham and Dudley to the South and Southwest.



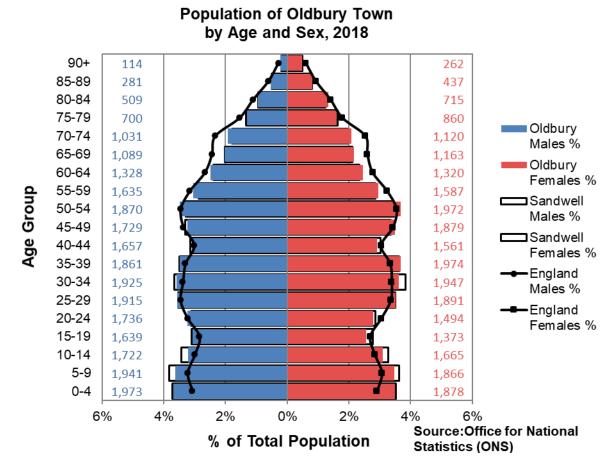
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# Demographics

## Age and Sex



The population of Oldbury in mid-2018 was estimated to be 53,619 (Females-26,964 (50.3%), Males-26,655 (49.7%)).

Oldbury has a proportionally older age profile (a lower proportion of people aged 0-44 for both males and females) than Sandwell, but a younger age profile than England.

#### Ethnicity

Area	White	Mixed/ multiple ethnic groups	Asian/ Asian British	Black/ African/ Caribbean/ Black British	Other Ethnic Group	
Oldbury	71.6%	3.8%	17.1%	6.2%	1.3%	
Sandwell	69.9%	3.3%	19.2%	6.0%	1.6%	
England	85.4%	2.3%	7.8%	3.5%	1.0%	

• 28.4% of Oldbury's population are from ethnic minorities. This is lower than Sandwell (30.1%), but higher than England (14.6%).

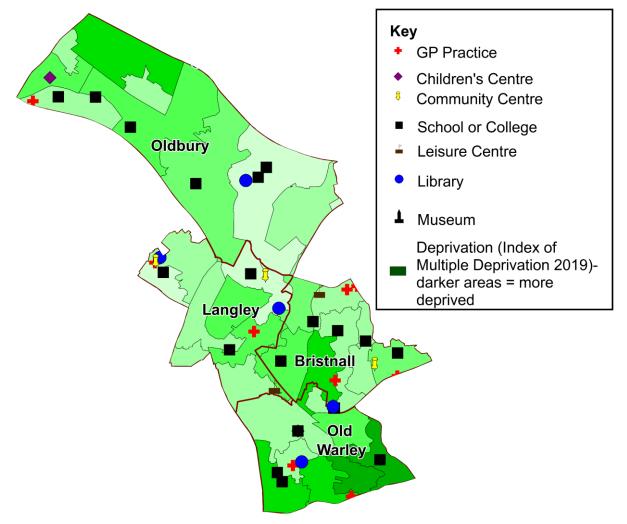
Source: ONS 2011 Census Data





# Deprivation- 2019

**Oldbury Town Map,** showing the four wards, deprivation and some key facilities (some assets at the same postcode may not show as another asset may show on top of them)



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#### **Deprivation-**

In England, the lower layer super output areas (LSOA\*) are ranked into 10 deciles for Deprivation.

- 60% of the LSOAs in Oldbury are in the 30% most deprived LSOA in England (Sandwell- 74.2%)
- 93.3% of the LSOAs in Oldbury are in the 50% most deprived LSOA in England (Sandwell- 87.1%)
- All of the LSOAs of Oldbury are in the 60% most deprived LSOA in England.

Oldbury's Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index (IDACI) and Income Deprivation Affecting Older People Index (IDAOPI) Scores are in the 30% most deprived areas in England.

Overall Oldbury is less deprived than Sandwell but more deprived than England and its deprivation score would put it in the 30% most deprived areas in England.

\*LSOA are areas with between 1,000 and 3,000 people





# Gambling

The table below gives a breakdown of the gambling premises licenses/permits in Oldbury at July 2019.

Gambling Premises Licenses/Permits	Number	Percentage
Automatic Entitlements	28	56.0%
Gaming Machine Permits	4	8.0%
Club Machine Permits	8	16.0%
Adult Gaming Centre	1	2.0%
Betting Premises Licences	6	12.0%
Bingo Premises Licences	1	2.0%
Casino Premises Licences	1	2.0%
Track Betting Premises Licence	0	0.0%
Unlicensed Family Entertainment Centre	1	2.0%
Family Entertainment Centre	0	0.0%
Total	50	100.0%

Source: Sandwell Trading Standards





Data isn't always available for Oldbury as a town and so data for the most relevant geography will be provided. Some datasets are only available for the Westminster Parliamentary constituencies and Oldbury town is in the Warley and West Bromwich West constituencies which also includes a large proportion of other towns as shown on map below.



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# **Inclusive Growth**

Inclusive Growth (economic growth that benefits everyone) is a key theme for Sandwell Council and the West Midlands Combined Authority. Inclusive Growth indicators are grouped into two themes which both have three dimensions. Picking one indicator for each dimension: -

					Smallest		West	
					Geography Data		Midlands	
Theme	Dimension	Broad Indicator	Measure	Year	Available	Sandwell	Region	England
		Low Earnings	20th percentile of gross weekly	2010	£359.10 (Warley)	£360.00	£382.60	£402.50
	Income		earnings (Twenty per cent of full-time					
	income		workers receive earnings equal to or	2019				
			below this threshold)					
Economic	Living Costs		% of households classed as being 'fuel	2017	7 14.1% (Oldbury Town)	15.2%	12.6%	10.9%
Inclusion		Fuel Poverty	poor' (using Low Income-High Costs					
			model)					
	Labour Market Inclusion	Unemployment	% of working age population not in	2018	6.3% (Warley)	6.2%	4.8%	4.2%
			employment but actively seeking and					
			available to start work					
	Output Growth	Wages/Earnings	Median gross weekly pay for full-time	2019	£478.5 (Warley)	£495.60	£550.80	£591.30
Prosperity			workers					
	Employment	People in	% of working age population in	2010	18 66.0% (Warley)	69.0%	73.3%	75.4%
		employment	employment (employment rate)	2018	oo.u% (warley)			75.4%
	Human Capital	Intermediate &	% working age population qualified at	2018	8 51.0% (Warley)	56.4%	70.4%	75.0%
		higher level skills	NVQ Level 2 and above					

Source: ONS and Department for Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy (BEIS)- based on the work of the Inclusive Growth Analysis Unit

In the latest data available (2017, 2018 or 2019) at the best fit geography to Oldbury town: -

- One indicator (Fuel Poverty) was positively different to Sandwell
- The other five indicators are negatively different to Sandwell





# **Child Development at Age 5**

## Early Years (% of children achieving a good level of development)-2019

Percentage of pupils achieving a good level of development at age 5, 2019

## Oldbury town (65%), Sandwell (67%) and England (72%)

### Source: Sandwell Council/Department for Education

### Key Stage 4 Outcomes (2019)

### Attainment 8

### Oldbury town (43.6), Sandwell (42.2) and England (46.7)

Pupils who attended a school in Oldbury achieved a higher attainment 8 score than Sandwell. However, this is still below England state funded schools.

### Progress 8

### Oldbury town (-0.03), Sandwell (-0.19) and England (-0.03)

Pupils who attended a school in Oldbury had a better level of progress than Sandwell and the same as England (state funded schools). The score for Sandwell is -0.19 which means that pupils made less progress, on average, than pupils across England who got similar results at the end of key stage 2. A negative progress score does not mean that pupils did not make any progress; rather it means they made less progress than other pupils nationally with similar starting points.

### Source: Sandwell Council/Department for Education

For further information please refer to the <u>'Secondary accountability measures'</u> guide.

# Life Expectancy and Healthy Life Expectancy at Birth

Data in Red Indicates the ward is statistically significantly lower than England Data in Amber Indicates the ward is statistically similar to England

#### Life Expectancy at Birth by 2011 Census wards – 2013 to 2017

Ward	Life Expectancy (Years)			
	Female	Male		
Bristnall	80.2	77.5		
Langley	81.3	78.2		
Old Warley	84.2	80.0		
Oldbury	82.5	78.1		
England	83.1	79.5		

Source: Public Health England (PHE)

• Female Life Expectancy in Bristnall and Langley was statistically lower than England but in Old Warley and Oldbury was statistically similar to England





• Male Life Expectancy was statistically lower than England in Bristnall and statistically similar to England in the other three wards in Oldbury

Unfortunately, 2009-13 and 2013-17 Life Expectancy by Ward is not comparable and Healthy Life Expectancy is only available for the 2009-13 period.

Ward	Healthy Life (Years)	Expectancy	Proportion of life spent in "Good" health		
	Female	Male	Female	Male	
Bristnall	58.4	59.2	71.6%	75.9%	
Langley	58.7	57.4	70.9%	74.2%	
Old Warley	63.2	62.5	74.1%	79.2%	
Oldbury	57.4	58.0	69.6%	75.0%	
England	64.8	63.5	78.1%	80.2%	
		•		Source: ONS	

### Healthy Life Expectancy at Birth by 2011 Census wards - 2009 to 2013

- Female and Male Healthy Life Expectancy was statistically lower than England in all four wards in • Oldbury
- The proportion of life spent in 'Good' health (Healthy Life Expectancy divided by Life Expectancy) • was lower for both females and males in all four wards in Oldbury than for England
- Healthy Life Expectancy is close for both Females and Males, but the Proportion of life spent in • "Good" health is higher for Males because Male life expectancy is lower than Female life expectancy
- Healthy Life Expectancy for both Females and Males is lower than the present state pension age • (67) for all four wards in Oldbury and in England and so people may not necessarily be healthy enough to work until the state pension age requiring support

Source: UNS





# **Health and Wider Indicators**

The spine chart below shows indicators for Oldbury town compared to Sandwell and England.

Red dots – Oldbury significantly worse than England, Yellow dots - Oldbury not any different to England & Green dots – Oldbury significantly better than England

Indicator ID	Indicators	Time Period	-	Sandwell Statistic	-	Summary Chart
	Theme 1: Our community					
93268	Income deprivation - English Indices of Deprivation 2015 (%)	2015	21.3	24.1	14.6	•
93094	Child Poverty - English Indices of Deprivation 2015 (%)	2015	26.4	29.9	19.9	•
93097	Unemployment (%)	2017/18	3.2	3.5	1.9	•
93098	Long Term Unemployment (Rate/1,000 working age population)	2017/18	9.2	10.6	3.6	•
93103	Older people living alone (%)	2011	34.5	33.3	31.5	•
93279	Older People in Deprivation - English Indices of Deprivation 2015 (%)	2015	27	29.2	16.2	•
	Theme 2 : Behavourial Risk Factors and Child Health					
LH20020	Emergency admissions in under 5s (Crude rate per 1000)	2013/14-2015/16	202.8	208.6	149.2	•
LH20021	A&E attendances in under 5s (Crude rate per 1000)	2013/14-2015/16	542.8	579.1	551.6	4
LH20022	Obese adults (%)	2006-2008	29.1	28.7	24.1	•
LH20001	Obese Children (Reception Year) (%)	2013/14-2015/16	10.9	11.4		•
	Children with excess weight (Reception Year) (%)	2013/14-2015/16	22.1	22.7	22.2	0
	Obese Children (Year 6) (%)	2013/14-2015/16	23.4	25.5	19.3	•
	Children with excess weight (Year 6) (%)	2013/14-2015/16	39.4			•
	Deliveries to teenage mothers (%)	2011/12-2015/16	1.8			•
	Theme 3: Disease and poor health					
93227	Emergency hospital admissions for all causes (SAR)	2013/14	119.9	126.9	100	•
93229	Emergency hospital admissions for CHD (SAR)	2013/14	113.1			
93231	Emergency hospital admissions for stroke (SAR)	2013/14	97.8			3
93232	Emergency hospital admissions for Myocardial Infarction (heart attack) (SAR)	2013/14	114.5			- T
93233	Emergency hospital admissions for Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) (SAR)	2013/14	138.8			•
93234	Incidence of all cancer (SIR / per 100)	2012-16	99.1	99.1	100	6
93235	Incidence of breast cancer (SIR / per 100)	2012-16	94.1			T.
93236	Incidence of colorectal cancer (SIR / per 100)	2012-16	105.5	• • • • •		đ
93237	Incidence of lung cancer (SIR / per 100)	2012-16	123.2			
93238	Incidence of prostate cancer (SIR / per 100)	2012-16	92.1			
93239	Hospital stays for self harm (SAR)	2013/14	95.1			T I
93240	Hospital stays for alcohol related harm (Narrow definition) (SAR)	2013/14	112.8			1
93465	Hospital stays for alcohol related harm (Broad definition) (SAR)	2013/14	119.4			
93241	Emergency hospital admissions for hip fracture in 65+ (SAR)	2013/14	108.2			
93276	Limiting long-term illness or disability (%)	2010/14	20.8			
35210	Theme 4: Life expectancy and causes of death	2011	20.0	20.5	11.0	-
93250	Deaths from all causes, all ages (SMR)	2013-17	106.8	117.4	100	
93252	Deaths from all causes, under 75 years (SMR)	2013-17	117.5			1
93252	Deaths from all cancer, all ages (SMR)	2013-17	117.5			
93253	Deaths from all cancer, under 75 years (SMR)	2013-17	117.2			
93254 93255	Deaths from circulatory disease, all ages (SMR)	2013-17	109.2			
						1
93256	Deaths from circulatory disease, under 75 years (SMR)	2013-17	121.3			
93257	Deaths from coronary heart disease, all ages (SMR)	2013-17	120			1
93259	Deaths from stroke, all ages, all persons (SMR)	2013-17	87.5			1
93260	Deaths from respiratory diseases, all ages, all persons (SMR)	2013-17	117.8			
93480	Deaths from causes considered preventable (SMR)	2013-17	122.2			9
	<ul> <li>significantiy worse</li> </ul>	significantly better	not sign	incantry altre	nentirom a	reidge

**Source:** <u>www.localhealth.org.uk</u> the spreadsheet in the following link explains each indicator: - <u>Spine Chart Indicator Definitions Spring 2020</u>





#### On the previous Spine Chart: -

- The light grey is the range of values in England at that geography
- The dark grey is the range of values in the middle 50% of values in England at that geography. Any values outside of this area are in the lowest or highest 25% of values.
- The figure for England is shown by the vertical black line
- The coloured dot shows where this geography is within England and the colours indicate significance compared to England (as described above and below the spine chart)
- Standardised Admission Ratio (SAR)/ Standardised Mortality Ratio (SMR) Standardisation compares actual figures with expected figures if they followed the structure of that population e.g. age and gender.
- SAR/SMR Interpretation: Figures over 100 are higher than expected and less than 100 are lower than expected. England is 100 because the England population structure is used in this data.

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