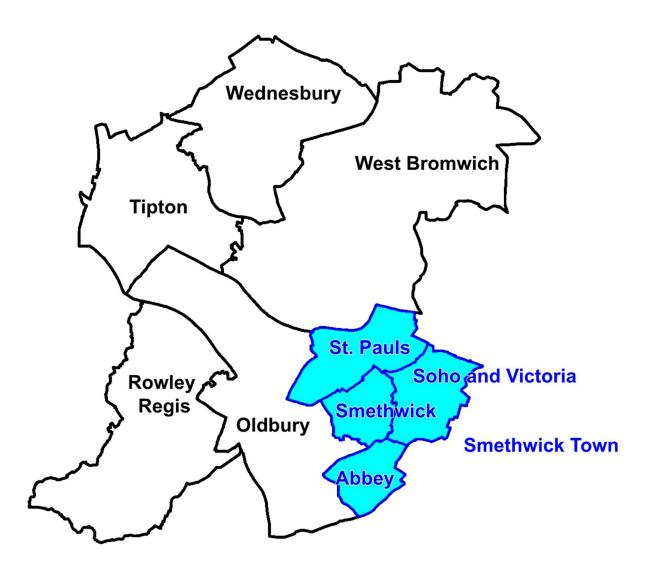




## **Smethwick Town Profile**

Smethwick is one of six towns in Sandwell. It is situated in the southeast of Sandwell and contains the wards of Abbey, Smethwick, Soho and Victoria, and St Pauls. Smethwick borders Birmingham to the east.



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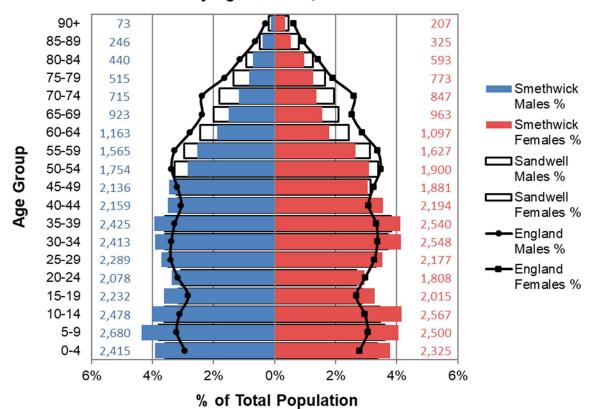




## **Demographics**

#### Age and Sex

# Population of Smethwick Town by Age and Sex, 2020



**Source: Office for National Statistics (ONS)** 

The population of Smethwick in mid-2020 was estimated to be 61,586 (males-30,699 (49.8%), females-30,887 (50.2%)).

Smethwick has a proportionally younger age profile than Sandwell and England.

#### **Ethnicity**

Lumicity							
Area	White	Mixed/ multiple ethnic groups	Asian/ Asian British	Black/ African/ Caribbean/ Black British	Other Ethnic Group		
Smethwick	44.1%	4.7%	37.2%	10.9%	3.2%		
Sandwell	69.9%	3.3%	19.2%	6.0%	1.6%		
England	85.4%	2.3%	7.8%	3.5%	1.0%		

Source: ONS 2011 Census Data

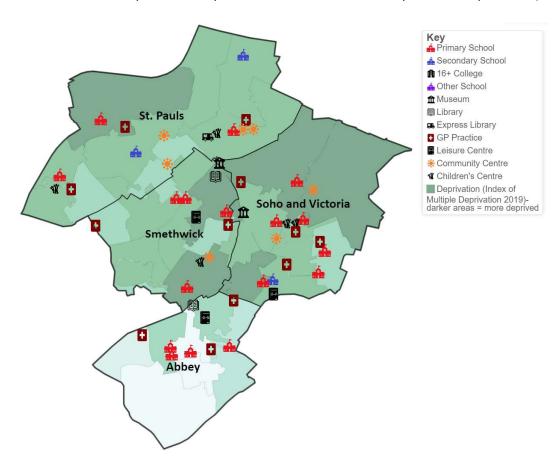
• 55.9% of Smethwick's population are from ethnic minorities. This is higher than both Sandwell (30.1%) and England (14.6%).





### **Deprivation-2019**

**Smethwick Town Map,** showing the four wards, deprivation and some key facilities at spring 2020 (some assets at the same postcode may not show as another asset may show on top of them)



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#### Deprivation-

In England, the lower layer super output areas (LSOA\*) are ranked into 10 deciles for Deprivation.

- 81.3% of the LSOAs in Smethwick are in the 30% most deprived LSOA in England (Sandwell- 74.2%)
- 90.6% of the LSOAs in Smethwick are in the 50% most deprived LSOA in England (Sandwell- 87.1%)
- All of the LSOAs in Smethwick are in the 60% most deprived LSOA in England.

Smethwick's Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index (IDACI) and Income Deprivation Affecting Older People Index (IDAOPI) Scores are in the 20% (IDACI) & 10% (IDAOPI) most deprived areas in England.

Overall Smethwick is more deprived than England and Sandwell and its deprivation score would put it in the 20% most deprived areas in England.

\*LSOA are areas with between 1,000 and 3,000 people





## Gambling

The table below gives a breakdown of the gambling premises licenses/permits in Smethwick at January 2021.

Gambling Premises Licenses/Permits*	Number
Gaming Machine Permits	2
Club Machine Permits	4
Adult Gaming Centre	1
Betting Premises Licences	11
Bingo Premises Licences	0
Casino Premises Licences	0
Track Betting Premises Licence	1
Unlicensed Family Entertainment	0
Centre	
Family Entertainment Centre	0
Total	19

<sup>\*</sup>Data excludes automatic entitlements

**Source: Sandwell Trading Standards** 





Data isn't always available for Smethwick as a town and so data for the most relevant geography will be provided. Some datasets are only available for the Warley Westminster Parliamentary constituency which also includes a large proportion of Smethwick town.



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#### **Inclusive Growth**

Inclusive Growth (economic growth that benefits everyone) is a key theme for Sandwell Council and the West Midlands Combined Authority. Inclusive Growth indicators are grouped into two themes which both have three dimensions. Picking one indicator for each dimension: -

Theme	Dimension	Broad Indicator	Measure	Year	Smallest Geography Data Available	Sandwell	West Midlands Region	England
Economic Inclusion	Income	Low Earnings	20th percentile of gross weekly earnings (Twenty per cent of full-time workers receive earnings equal to or below this threshold)	2020	£354.20 (Warley Westminster Constituency)	£365.70	£386.30	£402.90
	Living Costs	Fuel Poverty	% of households classed as being 'fuel poor' (using Low Income-High Costs model)	2018	15.7% (Smethwick Town)	12.0%	11.4%	10.3%
	Labour Market Inclusion	Unemployment	% of working age population not in employment but actively seeking and available to start work	2019	4.8% (Warley Westminster Constituency)	5.3%	4.9%	4.0%
Prosperity	Output Growth	Wages/Earnings	Median gross weekly pay for full-time workers	2020	£479.10 (Warley Westminster Constituency)	£502.50	£551.70	£589.80
	Employment	People in employment	% of working age population in employment (employment rate)	2019	72.0% (Warley Westminster Constituency)	70.7%	73.9%	76.0%
	Human Capital	Intermediate & higher level skills	% working age population qualified at NVQ Level 2 and above	2019	51.8% (Warley Westminster Constituency)	55.8%	71.7%	75.7%

Source: ONS and BEIS- based on the work of the Inclusive Growth Analysis Unit





## **Child Development at Age 5**

#### Early Years (% of children achieving a good level of development)-2019

Percentage of pupils achieving a good level of development at age 5, 2019

Smethwick town (63%), Sandwell (67%) and England (72%)

Source: Sandwell Council/Department for Education

#### **Key Stage 4 Outcomes (2019)**

#### **Attainment** 8

Smethwick town (42.3), Sandwell (42.2) and England (46.7)

Pupils who attended a school in Smethwick achieved a higher attainment 8 score than Sandwell. However, this is still below England state funded schools.

#### **Progress 8**

#### Smethwick town (-0.15), Sandwell (-0.19) and England (-0.03)

Pupils who attended a school in Smethwick had a better level of progress than Sandwell but not as much progress as those in England (state funded schools). The score for Sandwell is -0.19 which means that pupils made less progress, on average, than pupils across England who got similar results at the end of key stage 2. A negative progress score does not mean that pupils did not make any progress; rather it means they made less progress than other pupils nationally with similar starting points.

Source: Sandwell Council/Department for Education

For further information please refer to the 'Secondary accountability measures' quide.

## Life Expectancy and Healthy Life Expectancy at Birth

Data in red indicates the ward is statistically significantly lower than England
Data in amber indicates the ward is not statistically significantly different to England

#### Life Expectancy at Birth, 2016 to 2020

Area	Life Expectancy (Years)				
	Female	Male			
Abbey	84.5	78.9			
Smethwick	78.8	74.2			
Soho and	79.3	74.7			
Victoria	79.3	74.7			
St Pauls	81.0	76.1			
Sandwell	80.9	76.4			
England	83.2	79.5			





# Source: The Office for Health Improvement and Disparities analysis of ONS death registration data and mid-year population estimates.

- Female life expectancy at birth in Abbey was similar to England's. In the other three wards it was statistically significantly lower than England's.
- Male life expectancy at birth in Abbey was similar to England's. In the other three wards it was statistically significantly lower than England's.

Healthy life expectancy at birth is only available for the 2009-13 period for wards.

#### Healthy Life Expectancy at Birth by 2011 Census wards - 2009 to 2013

Ward	Healthy Life Expectancy (Years)		Proportion of Life Spent in "Good" Health		
	Female	Male	Female	Male	
Abbey	63.8	62.3	75.4%	78.8%	
Smethwick	54.9	55.3	68.7%	73.7%	
Soho and Victoria	51.3	53.3	65.6%	72.3%	
St Pauls	53.2	55.7	66.3%	74.1%	
England	64.8	63.5	78.1%	80.2%	

Source: ONS

- Female healthy life expectancy at birth in Abbey was similar to England's. In the other three wards it was statistically significantly lower than England's.
- Male healthy life expectancy was statistically significantly lower than England's in all four wards
- The proportion of life spent in 'Good' health (healthy life expectancy for 2009 to 2013 divided by life expectancy for 2009 to 2013) was lower for both females and males in all four wards in Smethwick than for England.
- Healthy life expectancy was close for both females and males, but the proportion of life spent in "Good" health was higher for males because male life expectancy in 2009 to 2013 was lower than female life expectancy.
- Healthy life expectancy for both females and males was lower than the present state pension age (66) for all four wards in Smethwick and in England and so people may not have necessarily been healthy enough to work until the state pension age.





### **Health and Wider Indicators**

The spine chart below shows indicators for Smethwick compared to Sandwell and England.

Red dots – Smethwick significantly worse than England, Yellow dots - Smethwick not any different to England & Green dots – Smethwick significantly better than England

Indicator ID	Indicators	Time Period	Smethwick Town Statistic	Sandwell Statistic		Summary Chart
	Theme 1: Our community					
93268	Income deprivation - English Indices of Deprivation 2015 (%)	2015	27.4			
93094	Child Poverty - English Indices of Deprivation 2015 (%)	2015	31.8			
93097	Unemployment (%)	2017/18	3.7			
93098	Long Term Unemployment (Rate/1,000 working age population)	2017/18	10.4			
93103	Older people living alone (%)	2011	35.0			
93279	Older People in Deprivation - English Indices of Deprivation 2015 (%)  Theme 2: Behavourial Risk Factors and Child Health	2015	37.5	29.2	16.2	•
LH20020	Emergency admissions in under 5s (Crude rate per 1000)	2013/14-2015/16	211.6	208.6	149.2	•
LH20021	A&E attendances in under 5s (Crude rate per 1000)	2013/14-2015/16	668.6	579.1	551.6	•
LH20022	Obese adults (%)	2006-2008	26.8	28.7	24.1	0
LH20001	Obese Children (Reception Year) (%)	2013/14-2015/16	11.5	11.4	9.3	•
LH20002	Children with excess weight (Reception Year) (%)	2013/14-2015/16	21.8	22.7	22.2	<b>\rightarrow</b>
LH20003	Obese Children (Year 6) (%)	2013/14-2015/16	25.9	25.5	19.3	•
LH20004	Children with excess weight (Year 6) (%)	2013/14-2015/16	41.1	40.6	33.6	•
LH20018	Deliveries to teenage mothers (%)	2011/12-2015/16	1.3	1.9	1.1	
	Theme 3: Disease and poor health					
93227	Emergency hospital admissions for all causes (SAR)	2013/14	130.1	126.9	100	•
93229	Emergency hospital admissions for CHD (SAR)	2013/14	140.3	115.4	100	•
93231	Emergency hospital admissions for stroke (SAR)	2013/14	101.0	101.3	100	<b>\rightarrow</b>
93232	Emergency hospital admissions for Myocardial Infarction (heart attack)	2013/14	144.5	113.1	100	•
93233	Emergency hospital admissions for Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) (SAR)	2013/14	164.0	163.3	100	•
93234	Incidence of all cancer (SIR / per 100)	2012-16	97.3	99.1	100	<b>&gt;</b>
93235	Incidence of breast cancer (SIR / per 100)	2012-16	91.6	91.7	100	<b>&gt;</b>
93236	Incidence of colorectal cancer (SIR / per 100)	2012-16	92.2	97.1	100	<b>&gt;</b>
93237	Incidence of lung cancer (SIR / per 100)	2012-16	114.4	115.7	100	
93238	Incidence of prostate cancer (SIR / per 100)	2012-16	82.1	93.8	100	
93239	Hospital stays for self harm (SAR)	2013/14	96.1	109.5	100	<b>\rightarrow</b>
93240	Hospital stays for alcohol related harm (Narrow definition) (SAR)	2013/14	114.9	118.3	100	•
93465	Hospital stays for alcohol related harm (Broad definition) (SAR)	2013/14	127.2	125.7	100	•
93241	Emergency hospital admissions for hip fracture in 65+ (SAR)	2013/14	88.6	109.6	100	<b>&gt;</b>
93276	Limiting long-term illness or disability (%)	2011	19.0	20.9	17.6	•
	Theme 4: Life expectancy and causes of death					
93250	Deaths from all causes, all ages (SMR)	2013-17	124.0	117.4	100	•
93252	Deaths from all causes, under 75 years (SMR)	2013-17	139.4	129.5	100	•
93253	Deaths from all cancer, all ages (SMR)	2013-17	109.2	114.1	100	•
93254	Deaths from all cancer, under 75 years (SMR)	2013-17	116.1	116.9	100	•
93255	Deaths from circulatory disease, all ages (SMR)	2013-17	124.5	115.9	100	•
93256	Deaths from circulatory disease, under 75 years (SMR)	2013-17	168.4	138.8	100	•
93257	Deaths from coronary heart disease, all ages (SMR)	2013-17	140.9	129.1	100	•
93259	Deaths from stroke, all ages, all persons (SMR)	2013-17	106.9	97.7	100	<b>4</b>
93260	Deaths from respiratory diseases, all ages, all persons (SMR)	2013-17	114.0	124.4	100	•
93480	Deaths from causes considered preventable (SMR)	2013-17	138.2	133.8	100	•
	• s	ignificantly worse 🍵	significantly bette	er 👝 not sig	niticantly dif	terent trom average

**Source:** <u>www.localhealth.org.uk</u> the spreadsheet in the following link explains each indicator: - <u>Spine Chart Indicator Definitions Spring 2020</u>





#### On the previous Spine Chart: -

- The light grey is the range of values in England at that geography
- The dark grey is the range of values in the middle 50% of values in England at that geography. Any values outside of this area are in the lowest or highest 25% of values.
- The figure for England is shown by the vertical black line
- The coloured dot shows where this geography is within England and the colours indicate significance compared to England (as described above and below the spine chart)
- Standardised Admission Ratio (SAR)/ Standardised Mortality Ratio (SMR) Standardisation compares actual figures with expected figures if they followed the structure of that population e.g. age and gender.
- SAR/SMR Interpretation: Figures over 100 are higher than expected and less than 100 are lower than expected. England is 100 because the England population structure is used in this data.

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